

Factors influencing vancomycin dose adjustment at the Tartu University Hospital level 3 intensive care units

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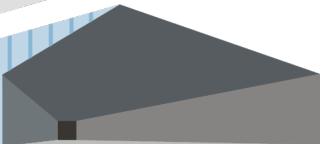
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Background

Vancomycin (VAN)

High interindividual PK variability

Narrow therapeutic range



TDM recommended

VAN dosing in TUH

- eGFR > 50 ml/min → 1000mg x2
- eGFR < 50 ml/min → 1000mg x1 + C_{trough} TDM

Trough-only based TDM

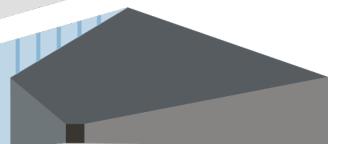
- Target 10 to 20 mg/L
- No guideline for dose adjustments
- ↑ nephrotoxicity
 - Targeting ~~15~~-20 mg/L

AUC_{24} -based TDM

- Target 400 to 600 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL} \times \text{h}$
- Preferred model-informed precision dosing
→ Optimised dosing scheme

Aim

**To determine factors influencing VAN dose adjustment
following VAN Ctrough measurement.**



Methods

COVARIATES:

- Patients' demographics: age, sex, weight
- Patient's comorbidities: diabetes, liver function markers
- Patient's condition: invasive ventilation, dialysis, scores
- Infection status: Confirmed presence of G+ infection, location of presumed infection, CRP, WBC
- Fluid status: weight change, urine output
- PK profile: UREA, CRETININE, renal function estimation

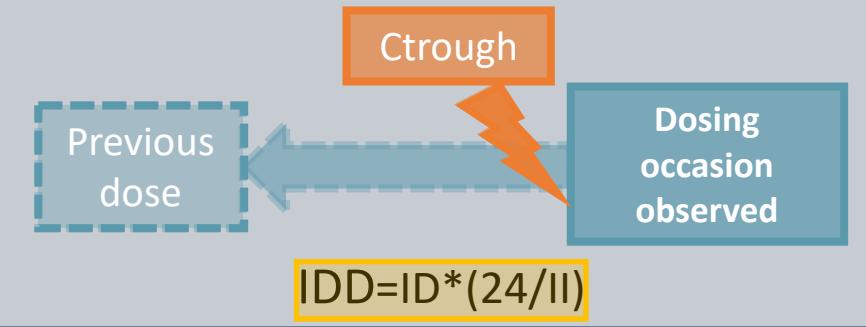
Population:

- ≥18 years old
- Hospitalised to 3rd level ICU in TUH
- Receiving i/v VAN
- Measured at least 1 concentration
- 03.2020 to 03.2022

TDM – therapeutic drug monitoring
ICU – intensive care unit
PK – pharmacokinetic
VAN – Vancomycin
 AUC_{24} – Area under the serum concentration vs. time curve for 0-24 hours
TUH – Tartu University Hospital
C_{trough} – trough concentration (target range 10-20 mg/L)
IDD - intended daily dose
ID – intended dose
II – intended interval

Retrospective data collection

Dosing occasions included



The Classification and Regression Tree Analysis (CART)

- 56 different covariates
 - Previously published PK models
 - Literature research

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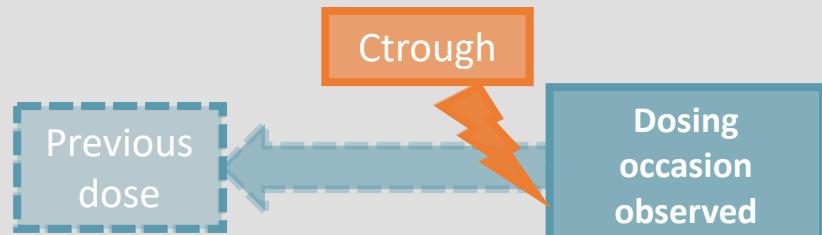
Results

145 VAN treatment episodes:

- 133 different patients
- 2785 doses administered
- 1077 concentrations defined as Ctrough (67.5%)



1052 dosing episodes suitable for CART

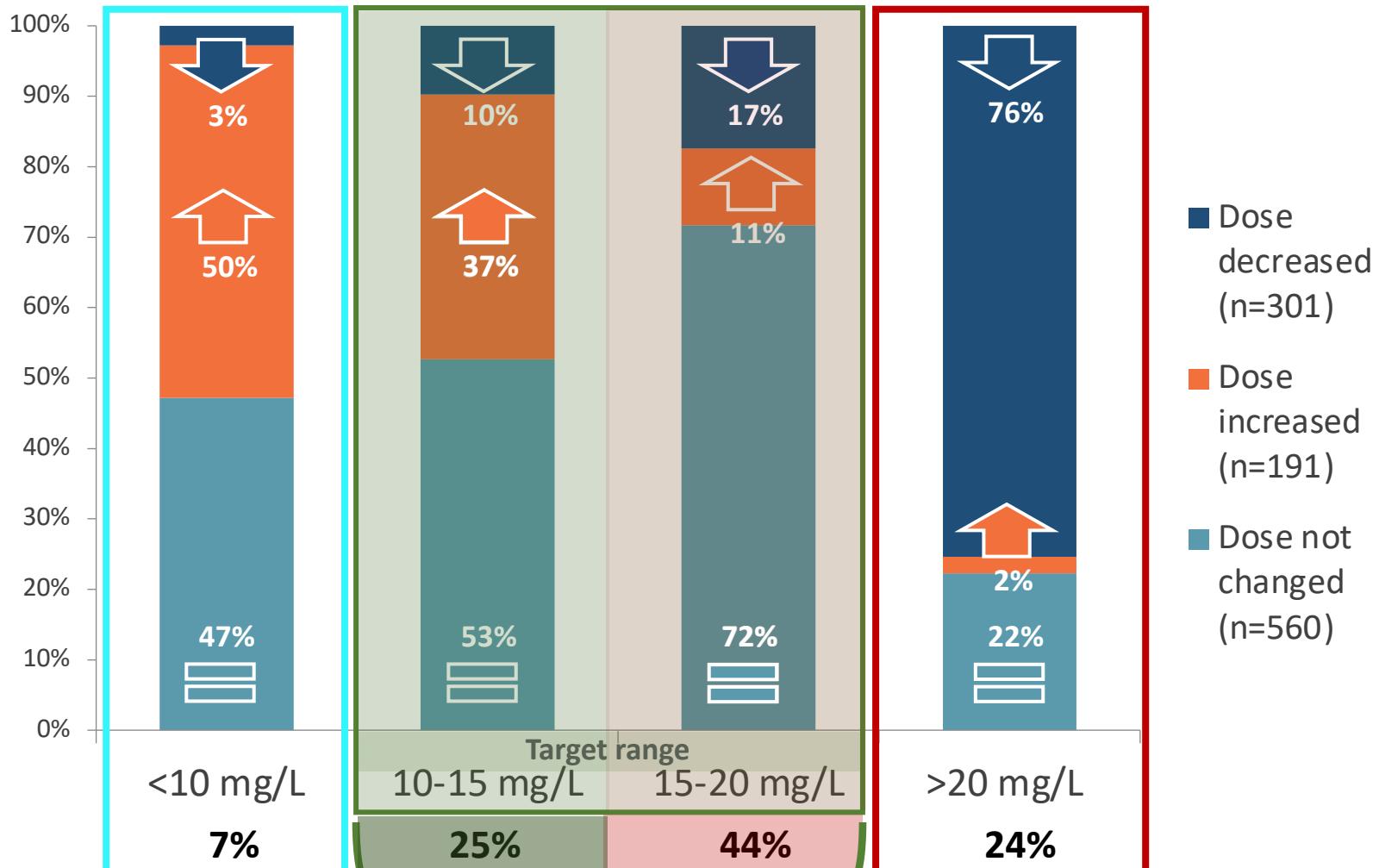


Parameter	Median (IQR)
Male	77.3%
Age (years)	63 (55-70)
BMI (kg/m ²)	27.7 (24-31.3)
Invasive ventilation	60.7%
VAN treatment duration (d)	8 (5-12)
eGFR (ml/min; n=1032)	96.9 (66.3-109.1)
Dialysis	21.4%
Doses per patient (n)	5 (3-10)
Daily dose (mg)	1000 (1000-2000)
Ctrough (mg/L)	17.2 (14-19.9)

Results

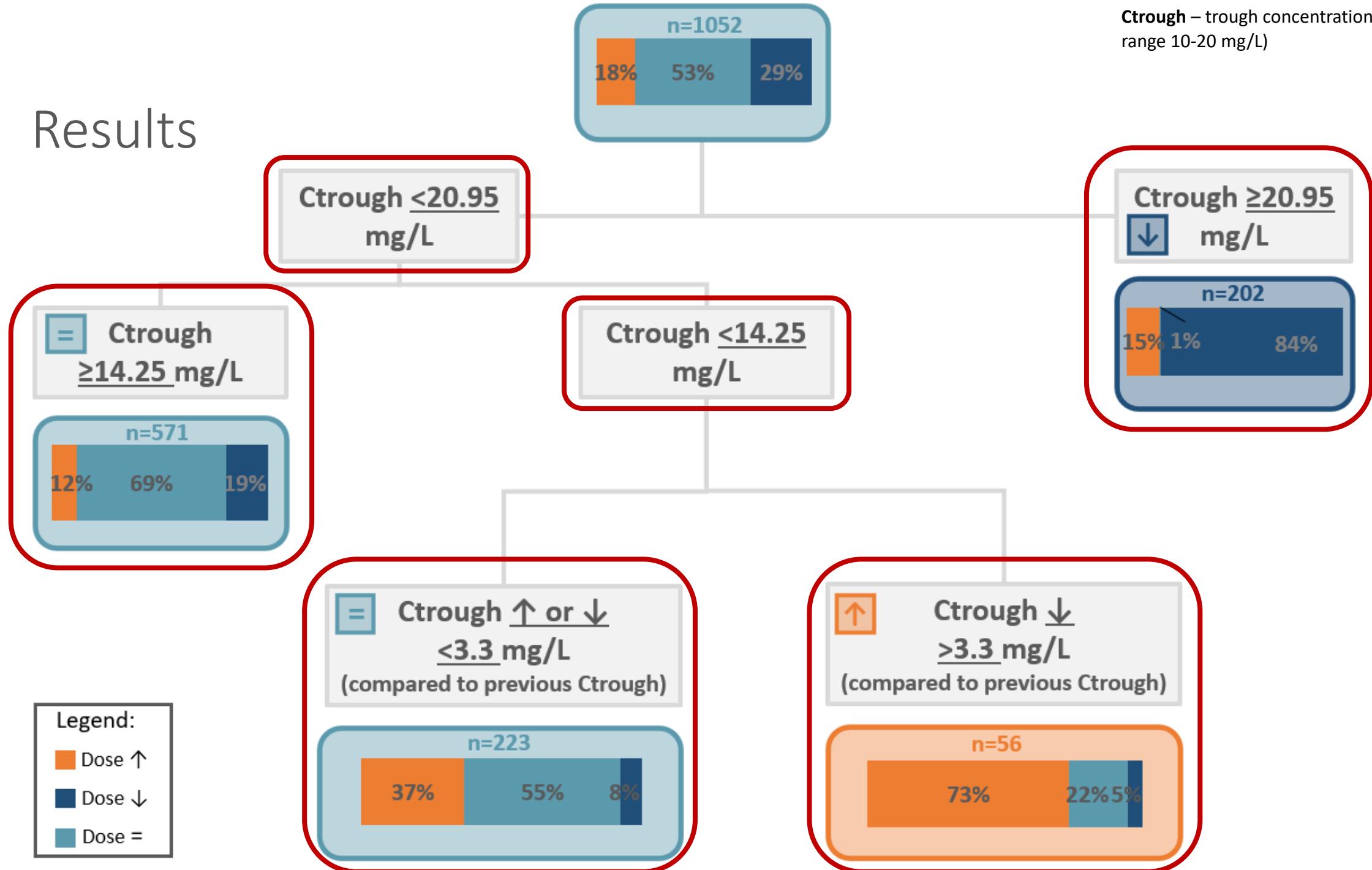
Dose changes in relation to C_{trough} values (n=1052)

gh concentration (target g/L)



Ctrough – trough concentration (target range 10-20 mg/L)

Results



Summary

VAN – Vancomycin
TDM – therapeutic target monitoring
C_{trough} – trough concentration (target range 10-20 mg/L)
AUC₂₄ – Area under the serum concentration vs. time curve for 0-24 hours

- **Patient characteristics have little or no effect** on dosing decisions
- VAN dosing is **adjusted according to C_{trough}-based TDM** considering **dynamics**
- **Higher C_{trough} range is targeted 15-20 mg/L**

Recommendation to revising current TDM methodology

Lowering target range (10-15 mg/L)

OR

Upgrading to AUC₂₄-based TDM



Model-informed precision dosing

Easier to use

↑ accurate

↓ nephrotoxicity

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Thank you!

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**Tartu University Hospital
intensive care units**

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